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UMB IHL Monthly Inflation Digest- *November 2022*



- Year-on Year Inflation
- Regional Breakdown





- Food and Non-Food Inflation
- Local and Imported Inflation



- Policy Rate, 364 Day T-Bill, & Inflation Trade-off
- Major contributors to Ghana's Y-o-Y inflation
- Month-on-Month Breakdown

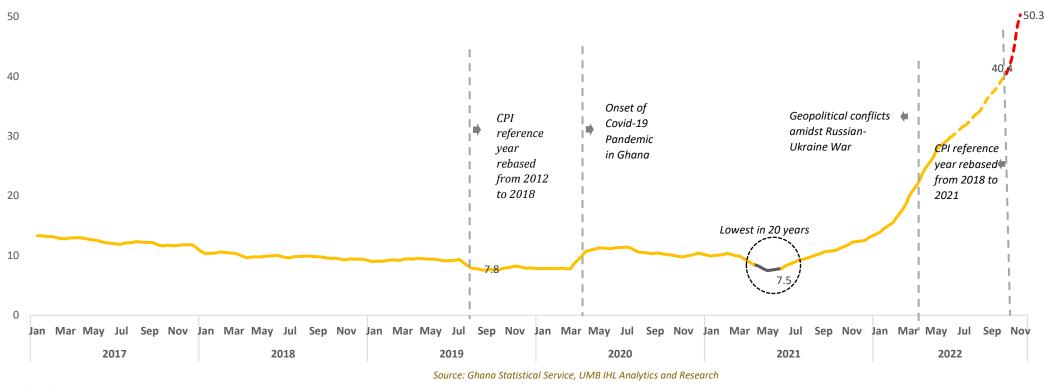


- Ghana's Inflation against African Peers
 - i. West Africa
 - ii. Ghana Vs. FloatingExchange Rate RegimeCountries

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Inflation for the Month of November Surges by 990 bp, Reaching a 27-year High of 50.3%

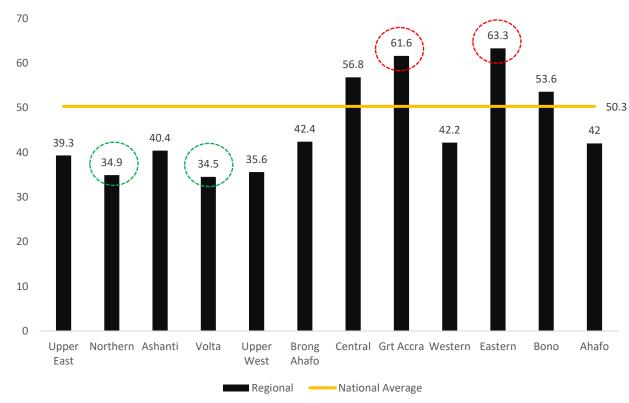


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- Year-on-year Inflation further increased by 9.9 percentage points from 40.4% in October to 50.3% in November 2022
- This surge was mostly led by housing and utilities, furnishings and household equipment, transport, personal care, and miscellaneous goods as well as food & non-alcoholic beverages.
- Recorded inflation rate for the month of November is the highest seen in 27 years

70 60 Eastern and Greater Accra's year-on-50 year inflation remains highest, crossing the 60% threshold. Also, the 40 month-on-month rate of increase is 30 highest in the Bono region (12.8%), 20 followed by Greater Accra (12.5%)

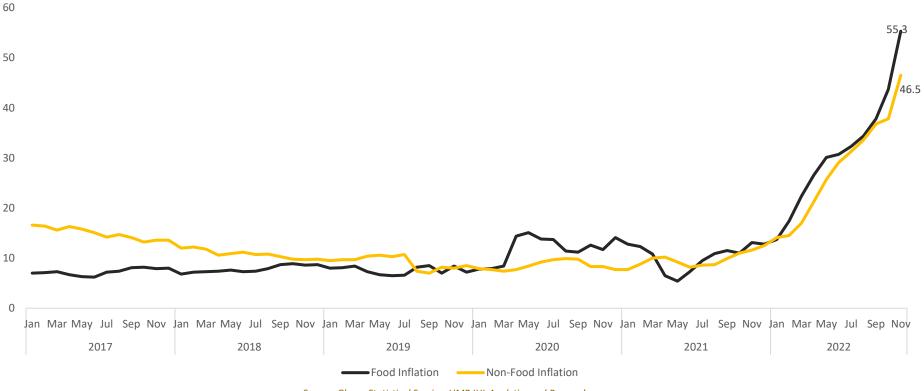
and Eastern (12.2%) respectively.

Inflation Remains Lowest in Volta and Northern; Eastern and Greater Accra Crosses 60%









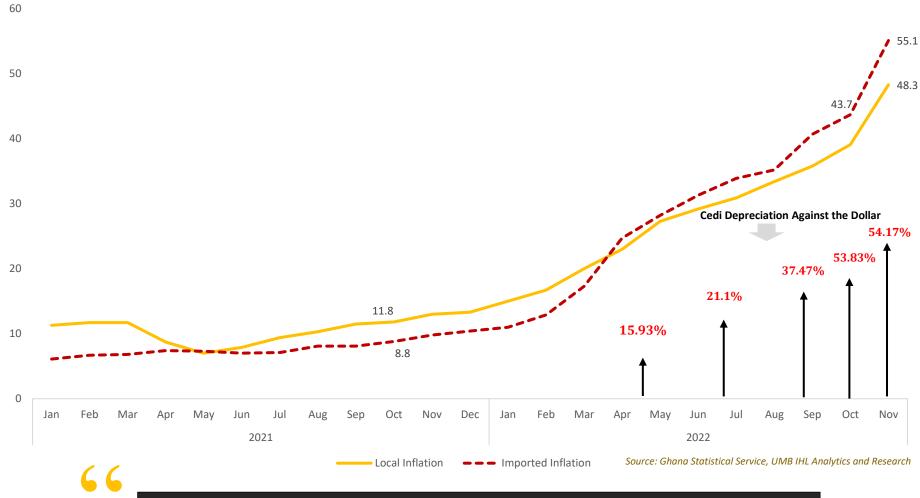
Source: Ghana Statistical Service, UMB IHL Analytics and Research

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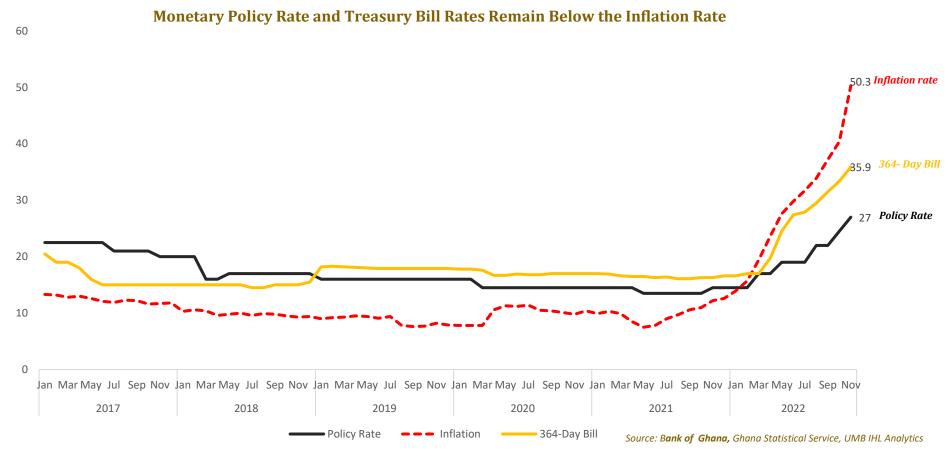
In November, the trade-off between food and non-food inflation further widened by 880 basis points(M-o-M). The trend for food inflation in November mimicked that of October with major drivers being water, milk and other dairy products, fruits, and sugar. Conversely, housing and utilities, furnishing and household equipment, transportation, personal care, and social protection accounted for the lion's share of Non-food inflation.



Further Weakening of Cedi; A Major Catalyst for the Steep Rise in Imported Inflation



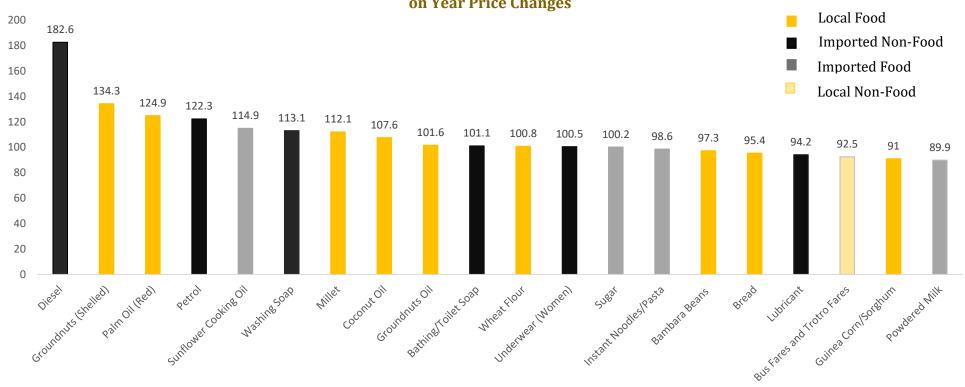
A month-on-month 26.71% depreciation of the Ghana Cedi against the US Dollar between October and November further widens the gap between imported and local inflation to 6.8 percentage points.



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Heightened inflationary pressures made the MPC to further increase the MPR by 250 bp from 24.5% in October to 27% in November 2022.





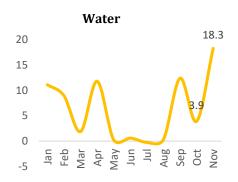
- Steepened Cedi depreciation occasioned a significant rise in fuel price as well as transport costs
- Local food significantly dominated major price changes

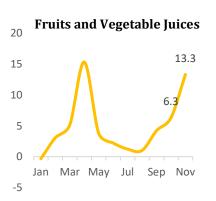


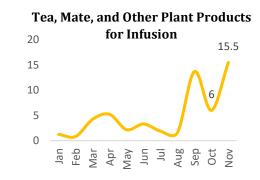
Month-on-Month Food Inflation Disaggregation

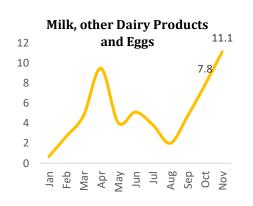
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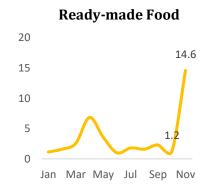
- Water recorded the highest month-on-month food inflation (18.3%)
- This was closely followed Tea, Mate & other plant products for Infusion and vegetable juice (15.5%)
- Ready-made food emerged third after a sharp increase from 1.2% in October to 14.6% in November

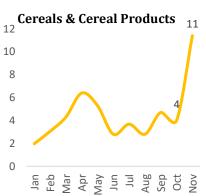














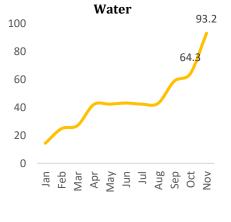
Year-on-Year Food Inflation Disaggregation

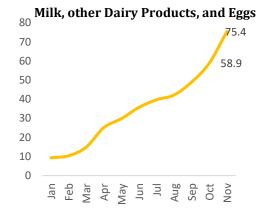


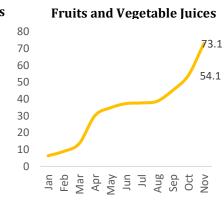
Water recorded the highest Year-on-Year food inflation reaching a new high of 93.23%

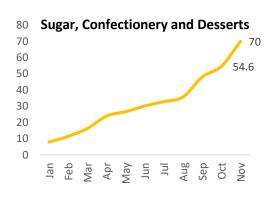
This was followed by Milk, other dairy products, and eggs (75.4%)

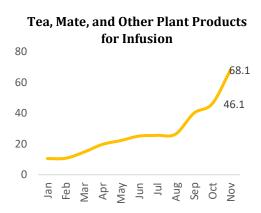
Fruits and vegetable juices emerged third on account of a rapid increase from 54.1% in October to 73.1% in November

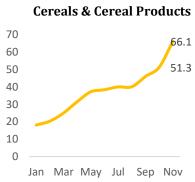










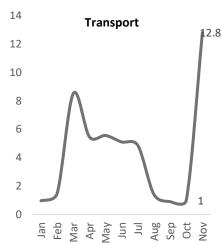


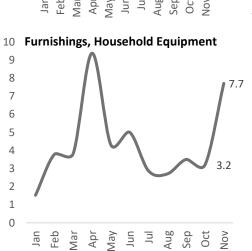


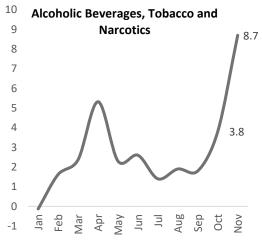
Month-on-Month Non-Food Inflation Disaggregation

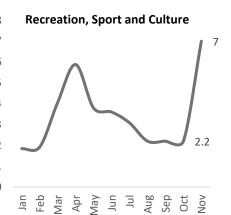
Transport costs rose sharply (from 1% in October to 12.8% in November) to emerge as the highest month-on-month inflationary variable for the non-food category.

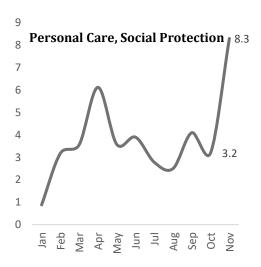
- This was followed by Alcoholic Beverages, Tobacco, and Narcotics which increased by 8.7%.
- ▶ The costs of Personal Care and Social Protection were third rising by 8.3%

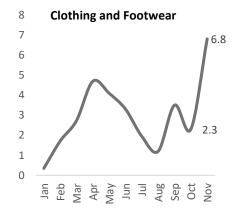














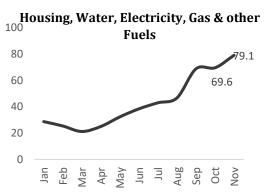
Year-on-Year Non-Food Inflation Disaggregation

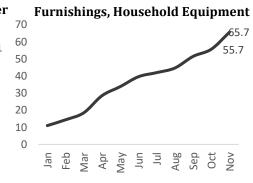
On Year-on-Year Basis, Housing, water, electricity, gas, and other fuels recorded the highest Year-on-Year non- food inflation (79.1%)

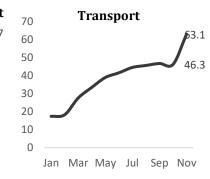
This was followed by Furnishings, household equipment (65.7%)

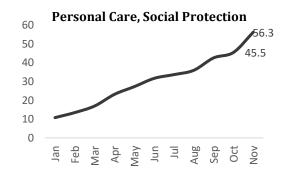
Transport inflation emerged third (63.1%).

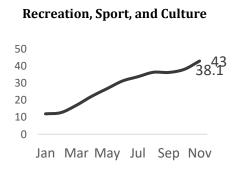
This was mainly driven by increase in fuel prices.

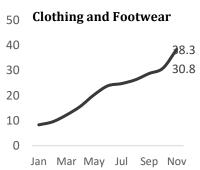




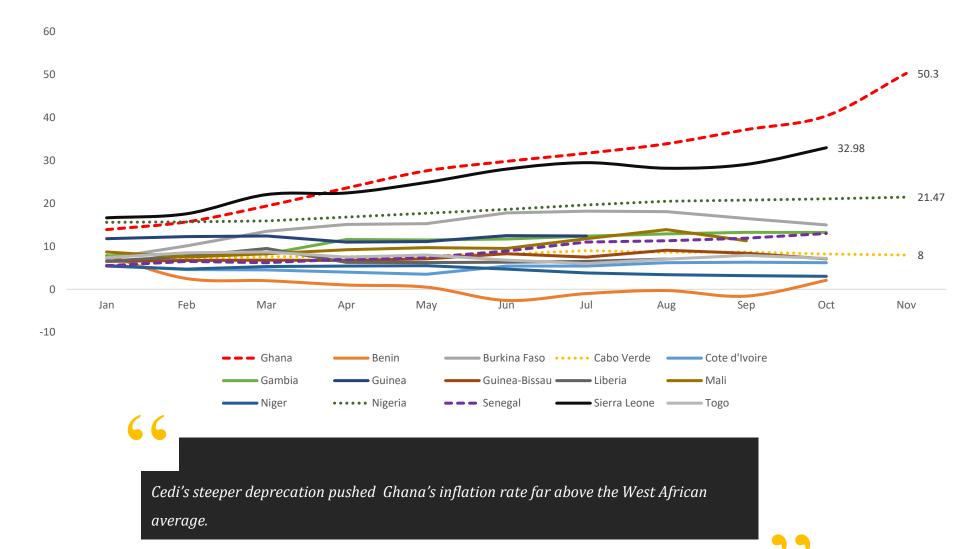






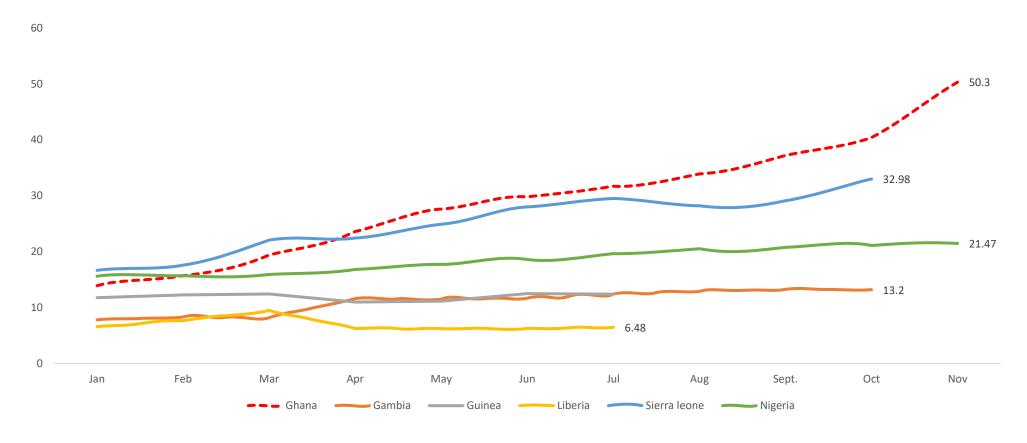


Ghana's Inflation Emerged as an Outliner in the West African Sub-region





Floating/Flexible Exchange Rate Regime





West African economies with floating and flexible exchange rate regimes continue to post elevated inflation rates, with Ghana maintaining the highest rate

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UMB IHL over the past decades empowered businesses, individuals, and governments with excellent finance and investment services. The company is well positioned to play a strategic role in helping both corporate and individual citizens as well as governments achieve their strategic objectives through its suite of finance and investment products and services.

The firm has been working with individual and corporate clients both resident in Ghana and abroad, across many industry sectors such as Insurance, Banking, Oil marketing, and Construction. We also serve religious groups, professional associations, NGOs, etc.

Our retail clients consist of high-net-work individuals, pensioners, students, workers of various levels, as well as professionals drawn from a broad spectrum of the economy.

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